

nag_cumul_normal (s15abc)**1. Purpose**

nag_cumul_normal (s15abc) returns the value of the cumulative Normal distribution function $P(x)$.

2. Specification

```
#include <nag.h>
#include <nags.h>
```

```
double nag_cumul_normal(double x)
```

3. Description

The function evaluates the cumulative Normal distribution function

$$P(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^x e^{-u^2/2} du.$$

The function is based on the fact that

$$P(x) = \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc}(-x/\sqrt{2}).$$

4. Parameters

x

Input: the argument x of the function.

5. Error Indications and Warnings

None.

6. Further Comments**6.1. Accuracy**

If ϵ and δ are the relative errors in result and argument, respectively, they are in principle related by $|\epsilon| \simeq |(xe^{-x^2/2}/\sqrt{2\pi}P(x)) \delta|$.

For x small and for x positive the multiplying factor is always less than one and accuracy is mainly limited by **machine precision**. For large negative x we find $\epsilon \sim x^2$ and hence to a certain extent relative accuracy is unavoidably lost. However, the absolute error in the result, E , is given by $|E| \simeq |(xe^{-x^2/2}/\sqrt{2\pi})| > \delta$, and since this multiplying factor is always less than one, absolute accuracy can be guaranteed for all x .

6.2. References

Abramowitz M and Stegun I A (1968) *Handbook of Mathematical Functions* Dover Publications, New York ch 7.1 p 297 and ch 26.2 p 931.

7. See Also

```
nag_deviates_normal_dist (g01cec)
nag_cumul_normal_complem (s15acc)
```

8. Example

The following program reads values of the argument x from a file, evaluates the function at each value of x and prints the results.

8.1. Program Text

```
/* nag_cumul_normal(s15abc) Example Program
 *
 * Copyright 1990 Numerical Algorithms Group.
 *
 * Mark 1, 1990.
 */

#include <nag.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <nag_stdlib.h>
#include <nags.h>

main()
{
    double x, y;

    /* Skip heading in data file */
    Vscanf("%*[^\\n]");
    Vprintf("s15abc Example Program Results\\n");
    Vprintf("      x      y\\n");
    while (scanf("%lf", &x) != EOF)
    {
        y = s15abc(x);
        Vprintf("%12.3e%12.3e\\n", x, y);
    }
    exit(EXIT_SUCCESS);
}
```

8.2. Program Data

```
s15abc Example Program Data
      -20.0
       -1.0
        0.0
        1.0
        2.0
       20.0
```

8.3. Program Results

```
s15abc Example Program Results
      x      y
-2.000e+01  2.754e-89
-1.000e+00  1.587e-01
 0.000e+00  5.000e-01
 1.000e+00  8.413e-01
 2.000e+00  9.772e-01
 2.000e+01  1.000e+00
```
